Lawnside Academy

Head Lice Policy

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Statement of intent

Head lice are a common problem among school-aged children and can be very distressing to experience.

We are committed to protecting the health, safety and wellbeing of pupils at Lawnside Academy. For this reason, all staff members, pupils and parents are required to act in accordance with this policy in relation to the identification, treatment and prevention of head lice, in order to reduce the risk of potential infestations spreading.

This policy aims to minimise the social stigma associated with head lice infestations, whilst ensuring staff members and parents are aware of the actions to take when head lice are present within the school.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

• UK Health Security Agency (2023) 'Health protection in education and childcare facilities'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Infection Control Policy
- Health and Safety Policy



- Behaviour Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Attendance and Absence Policy

2. Definitions

Head lice – small, six-legged and wingless insects which live on, and close to, the scalp at the base of hair, often causing itching two to three weeks after coming into contact with someone who has head lice. They are spread by head-to-head contact.

Nits – small, empty white shells are left behind when head lice hatch, found further along the hair shaft. If an individual has nits, it does not necessarily mean that live head lice are present, but appropriate treatment should still be sought.

Head lice and nits are not harmful, but can be an extremely distressing experience for both pupil and parent, as well as for school employees.

For the purpose of this policy, the term '**outbreak**' is used to describe where there are more than two cases of head lice present at the school at the same time.

3. Roles and responsibilities

The headteacher is responsible for:

- Making parents and staff members aware of this policy.
- Implementing this policy throughout the school.
- Ensuring that all parents and staff members understand their responsibilities in relation to individuals' privacy.
- Appointing an appropriate designated person to address head lice queries, e.g. the school administrative assistant.
- Collaborating with the school administrative assistant when providing pupils and parents with advice regarding the identification and treatment of head lice.
- Ensuring that pupils with head lice are not excluded from activities or made to feel victimised.

The school administrative assistant is responsible for:

- Acting as the designated person to address head lice queries and concerns.
- Being aware of head lice signs, symptoms, causes and incubation periods.
- Remaining informed and up-to-date regarding the identification, treatment and prevention of head lice.
- Providing pupils and parents with advice regarding head lice.
- Maintaining the confidentiality of pupils and families involved in cases of head lice infestation.

All staff members are responsible for:

- Acting in accordance with this policy.
- Being aware of head lice signs and symptoms.

- Providing parents with advice on the prevention and detection of head lice, or directing them to the school administrative assistant or GP, as necessary.
- Creating an inclusive environment at all times in which pupils with head lice are not subject to prejudice or discriminated against.
- Maintaining a visual check of pupils for head lice.
- Reporting concerns and directing queries about head lice to the school administrative assistant.

Parents are responsible for:

- Being aware of head lice signs and symptoms.
- Ensuring that their child maintains a sufficient level of hygiene, grooming and hair care.
- Identifying cases of head lice and notifying the school of these immediately.
- Responding to and actively addressing concerns about their child pertaining to the presence, or potential presence, of head lice.
- Undertaking all preventative measures advised by the school administrative assistant.
- Carrying out wet combing on a weekly basis during an outbreak.
- Treating their child for head lice as soon as they have been diagnosed.

4. Identified cases

Parents are primarily responsible for identifying, reporting and treating their child's head lice.

If staff members notice head lice in an individual pupil's hair, they will privately inform the parent in person, advising them to treat their child's hair, and will notify the school administrative assistant of the matter.

If staff members notice head lice in numerous pupils' hair, or a particular group of pupils, they will report the matter to the school administrative assistant, who will then be responsible for notifying the necessary parties.

Where more than two pupils have been identified as having head lice at the same time, a letter will be sent home to all parents notifying them that an outbreak of head lice has been reported and asking all parents to check their child's hair.

The names of the pupils involved in an outbreak of head lice will not be disclosed.

Parents will be reminded about the importance of early identification and their responsibilities in relation to detection on a termly basis via newsletters, emails and the school website.

Pupils with head lice are expected to still attend school and will not be excluded for medical reasons. Where a pupil does not attend school due to head lice, they will be registered as having an unauthorised absence in accordance with the Attendance and Absence Policy.

Unacceptable behaviour, such as name calling, towards pupils or families of pupils with head lice will not be tolerated. Where exclusive behaviour is present, pupils will be disciplined in accordance with the school's Behaviour Policy and Anti-bullying Policy.

5. Prevention

The school recognises that, whilst head lice cannot be prevented, measures can be taken in order to aid early detection and reduce the risk of lice spreading, such as daily hair brushing and grooming.

Pupils and parents will be provided with information regarding the prevention of head lice, explaining what they can do at home to reduce the risk of an outbreak.

All staff members will be aware of the risk posed by head lice and will be capable of providing advice to parents regarding the identification and treatment of head lice. Where staff members experience difficulty answering a parent's query, they should consult the school administrative assistant.

Contact precautions will be used to control the spread of head lice, e.g. pupils will be discouraged from sharing personal items such as combs, hats and scarves.

Where lice or nits are present, personal items like hats and scarves will be kept separate to the belongings of pupils where lice and nits are not present.

Pupils will be encouraged to tie long hair back, particularly where lice or nits are present.

Parents are expected to ensure that their child maintains a sufficient level of cleanliness and hygiene, including the brushing and grooming of hair.

Staff members, including the school administrative assistant, will not inspect pupils' hair for lice, but will report it to the pupil's parents as soon as practically possible.

It is the responsibility of parents to inspect their child's hair for lice as described in the 'Transmission' section of this policy.

Parents will be discouraged from using treatments, such as those containing insecticides, as a preventative measure, advising parents that this will hinder treating lice in the future. Instead, parents will be encouraged to 'wet comb', also known as 'detection comb', their child's hair on a weekly basis.

The school administrative assistant may organise parents' evenings during which wet combing can be taught and combs provided.

6. Transmission

It is recognised that head lice are contagious and can be contracted by direct head-to-head contact, and thus are a higher risk amongst younger pupils due to their increased bodily contact; therefore, all possible precautions, as outlined in the 'Prevention' section of this policy, to help reduce the risk of transmission of head lice within the school will be taken.

Where a child is identified as having head lice, the parent is responsible for ensuring that all members of the family are checked and, if necessary, treated.

Regular checks will be carried out following treatment, helping to prevent further infestation and transmission.

To help parents identify cases of head lice, the school will provide information about what to look out for, as well as dispelling any myths regarding transmission, such as that they can fly or that only unhygienic people get them.

The school will provide parents with useful contacts where additional information can be accessed. Affected families will be reassured that having head lice is nothing to be ashamed of.

7. Treatment

When asked for advice regarding treatment, staff members will not endorse one particular brand of treatment and will instead direct the individual to their GP or pharmacist.

Parents will be provided with information pertaining to head lice treatment, including insecticide lotions, non-insecticidal lotions and wet combing.

The school administrative assistant will provide advice regarding the correct use of insecticide treatments, such as only using it to treat active infestations, but will advise that a health professional is consulted in the following cases:

- Treatment of asthmatics or sufferers of allergies
- Treatment of pregnant or breastfeeding women
- Treatment of children under six months

Where parents have concerns regarding the use of chemicals, the school administrative assistant will suggest wet combing instead. Parents are responsible for sourcing and applying the treatment for their child. Treatment will not be provided by, or within, the school. The school will not recommend the use of essential oils and electronic combs to treat head lice.

Where treatment has been unsuccessful and live lice are still present, parents will seek medical advice about further treatment, ensuring that wet combing is still effectively undertaken every three days. Re-infestation of head lice will be indicated if full-sized adult lice are found whilst wet combing up to seven days after treatment. Where this is the case, parents will seek medical advice regarding the necessary treatment.

8. Monitoring and review

This policy is reviewed every annually by the headteacher and school administrative assistant.

Any changes to this policy will be communicated to all relevant stakeholders.

Version	Date	Author	Notes on revision(s)	Date ratified by LGB	Next review date
1	February 2024	C. Johnson	New policy written for adoption.	08.02.2024	January 2025